

Application No.: 10/540,662  
 RCE dated: January 14, 2009  
 Reply to final Office Action of October 14, 2008  
 Attorney Docket No.: 0065.0002US1

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### Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in this application:

### Listing of Claims

Claims 1-36 (canceled)

Claim 37 (currently amended): A method of processing sulfide minerals and concentrates by oxidation of sulfide minerals in an aqueous medium using an oxidizing agent which is one ~~ore~~ or more of nitric acid, nitrous acid and their oxides, the method comprising:

subjecting in an oxidation reactor a slurry containing the sulfide minerals to oxidation under agitation and under controlled conditions of slurry acidity; wherein oxidation of the sulfide minerals is performed using the oxidizing agent which is one ~~[[ore]]~~ or more of nitric acid, nitrous acid and their oxides ~~and is realized under agitation;~~

forming in the oxidation reactor a sulphuric sulfuric acid as a result of the sulfide oxidation ~~[[and]];~~

constantly neutralizing the sulphuric sulfuric acid using an acidity neutralizer to an acidity level at which no formation of elementary sulfur occurs;

removing of heat released during the sulfide oxidation from ~~[[an]]~~ the oxidation reactor in which;

transferring NO from the oxidation reactor into a regeneration oxidizer;

regenerating N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> from the transferred NO using air or oxygen in the regeneration oxidizer; and

transferring the regenerated N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> into the oxidation reactor;

wherein the temperature in the oxidation reactor is maintained in a range from 20 to 90 °C and

~~in which~~ wherein a liquid-to-solid ratio in the slurry in the oxidation reactor is between 1:1 to 5:1.

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Claim 38 (previously presented): The method according to claim 37 in which the acidity neutralizer is one or more of  $\text{CaCO}_3$ ,  $\text{MgCO}_3$ ,  $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{NaOH}$  and  $\text{CaHPO}_4$ .

Claim 39 (previously presented): The method according to claim 37 in which the temperature is maintained in the range of 65-85°C.

Claim 40 (currently amended): The method according to claim 37, further comprising separating ~~nitrogen-oxides~~ the  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$ , formed in said method, from ~~inert-nitrogen in the air  $\text{N}_2$~~  by absorbing the ~~nitrogen-oxides in  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$~~  from a mix of gases comprising  $\text{N}_2$  and  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$  into a sulfuric acid solution which has a concentration in the range 75-98%;  
and

denitrating the sulfuric acid solution thermally by heating it to a temperature not exceeding 250°C, and/or chemically by introduction of a denitrating substance.

Claim 41 (previously presented): The method according to claim 40, in which the denitrating substance is one or more of an alcohol, formaldehyde and other chemical reducing agents.

Claim 42 (currently amended): The method according to claim ~~[[39]]~~ 37, further ~~including comprising~~

separating the ~~nitrogen-oxides~~  $\text{NO}$ , formed in said method, from ~~inert-nitrogen in the air  $\text{N}_2$~~  by absorbing the ~~nitrogen-oxides in  $\text{NO}$~~  from a mix of gases comprising  $\text{N}_2$  and  $\text{NO}$  into a monovalent copper salt solution;

denitrating the monovalent copper salt solution using a dosed supply of compressed air, with ~~[[the]]~~ optional simultaneous heating of the solution.

Claim 43 (previously presented): The method according to claim 42 in which the monovalent copper salt solution contains a stabilizing agent to impede oxidation of copper from monovalent to bivalent.

Claim 44 (currently amended): The method according to claim 43 in which the stabilizing agent is one or more of tributyl phosphate, adipodinitrile, or reducing agents such as formaldehyde or hydrazine.

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Claim 45 (canceled)

Claim 46 (currently amended): The method according to claim 37, ~~further comprising~~  
wherein the regenerating a dinitrogen trioxide the  $N_2O_3$  from a nitric oxide the NO  
formed in said method is performed using pure oxygen in an individual regeneration  
oxidizer and at a temperature of 15-25°C, ~~so as to prevent the accumulation of nitric acid~~  
~~in the slurry.~~